200500338

No.

### THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE: PRESENTS SHALL COME:

AGSEGO

**PLOTERS,** THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

### Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLEMISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE CHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR RUTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE PURPOSE, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROPAGATION ACT. IN THE UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY IN SHEET AND THE PLANT VARIETY NAME ONLY AS A CLASS OF CERTIFIED SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER TRATIONS SPECIFIED BY THE OWNER OF THE RIGHTS. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEO.)

WHEAT, COMMON

'Protection'

In Testiment Therest, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Hunt Haristy Tratection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this ninth day of June, in the year two thousand and six.

Attest:

Commissioner

Attest:

Commissioner

Commissioner Plant Variety Protection Office Agricultural Marketing Service flAgriculturo

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), ALL of the following items must be received in the PVPO: (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 viable untreated seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2,500 untreated seeds of each line necessary to reproduce the variety, or for tuber reproduced varieties verification that a viable (in the sense that it will reproduce an entire plant) tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository; (4) check drawn on a U.S. bank for \$3,652 (\$432 filing fee and \$3,220 examination fee), payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (See Section 97.6 of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.) Partial applications will be held in the PVPO for not more than 90 days, then returned to the applicant as unfiled. Mail application and other requirements to Plant Variety Protection Office, AMS, USDA, Room 401, NAL Building, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the application are self explanatory unless noted below. Corrections on the application form and exhibits must be initialed and dated. DO NOT use masking materials to make corrections. If a certificate is allowed, you will be requested to send a check payable to "Treasurer of the United States" in the amount of \$432 for issuance of the certificate. Certificates will be issued to owner, not licensee or agent.

**Plant Variety Protection Office** Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvpo/pvpindex.htm

To avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the appropriate recognized authority and provide evidence that name has been cleared by the appropriate recognized authority before the Certificate of Protection is issued. For example, for agricultural and vegetable crops, contact: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Suite 401 NAL Building, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-5682 http://www.ams.usda.gov/lsg/seed.htm.

#### ITEM

- 19a. Give:
- (1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
- (2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;
- (3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and
- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified
- 19b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties:
  - identify these varieties and state all differences objectively;
  - (2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and
  - (3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.
- 19c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.
- 19d. Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance, etc.
- 19e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- 20. If "Yes"-is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 23. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- 24. See Section 55 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.
- 22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.)

23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety (including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.)

September 5, 2-004 Seed Sold in Colorado, USA

24. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the

variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

USA, 755ved 11(29/1994 fastart number 5,369,022

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's

representative during the life of the application/certificate. The fees for filing a change of address; owner's representative; ownership or assignment; or any modification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

PVP Application
Protection Hard Red Winter Wheat
Exhibit A – Origin and Breeding History of the Variety

Pedigree – Protection was selected from the following crosses and backcrosses:

Jagger//TXGH12588-120\*4/FS2

Experimental designations – Protection was assigned the experimental identification number CO991132 in 1999. Protection has not yet received a PI number from the U.S. National Plant Germplasm System.

Parents - The parents of Protection are:

- 1) Jagger a wheat cultivar developed and released by the Kansas State University Agricultural Experiment Station in 1994. Jagger is designated as PI 593688 in the U.S. National Plant Germplasm System.
- 2) TXGH12588-120 an unreleased sister selection of the wheat cultivar TAM 110 which was developed and released by the Texas A&M Agricultural Experiment Station in 1997.
- 3) FS2 a proprietary wheat germplasm line developed by BASF Corporation (formerly American Cyanamid) through induced mutagenesis, with sodium azide and the French wheat cultivar 'Fidel', to obtain tolerance to the imidazolinone class of herbicides. The development of FS2 was described in the following scientific journal article:

Newhouse, K.E., W.A. Smith, M.A. Starrett, T.J. Schaefer, and B.K. Singh. 1992. Tolerance to imidazolinone herbicides in wheat. Plant Physiol. 100:882-886.

The BC3F2 population with the pedigree TXGH12588-120\*4/FS2 was developed at Texas A&M University and provided to Colorado State University in March 1997. Procedures used to develop the BC3F2 population were the same as the procedures used to develop the cultivar Above which was released in 2001 and protected under PVP in 2002.

Breeding method – Protection was developed using a modified single-seed descent breeding procedure. Following are the breeding procedures used in the development of Protection:

- 1997 In March 1997, seeds of the TXGH12588-120\*4/FS2 BC3F2 population were germinated on moistened filter paper in petri dishes in the presence of a 50 ppm solution of imazamox herbicide. Seedlings surviving the imazamox treatment were transferred to clean petri dishes with filter paper and vernalized in a cold chamber for 8 weeks at 2-4 °C. Following vernalization, seedlings were hand-transplanted to a summer field nursery in Center, Colorado, in May 1997. In July 1997, a cross was made in the field between Jagger as female and an herbicide tolerant BC3F2 plant with the pedigree TXGH12588-120\*4/FS2. F1 seeds from the cross Jagger//TXGH12588-120\*4/FS2 were harvested in early September 1997, vernalized in a cold chamber for 8 weeks at 2-4 °C, and then planted in the greenhouses at Fort Collins, COLORADO, in November 1997.
- 1998 The F2 population from this increase was harvested in early March and immediately vernalized as described above. The F2 was then space-planted in a summer field nursery at Center, Colorado, in summer 1998. A single seed harvested from an F2 plant in early September 1998 was increased to the F3 in the greenhouse at Fort Collins in fall 1998.
- 1999 Seeds were harvested from individual F3 plants in early March and vernalized in small plastic bags as described above. These F3:4 (F3-derived F4) progenies were then

hand-transplanted to the field at Center, Colorado, as hill plots in May 1999. Tolerance to imazamox herbicide of the F3:4 line was determined by recording germination of 10 remnant seeds in Petri dishes in the presence of an aqueous solution (50  $\mu$ L L<sup>-1</sup>) of imazamox herbicide. Based on visual observations of overall agronomic adaptation, Protection was selected as an F3:4 line in September 1999 at Center, Colorado, and assigned experimental number CO991132. Protection was planted in an unreplicated observation plot at Fort Collins in fall 1999.

- 2000 In spring 2000, the observation trial was treated with imazamox herbicide (44.8 g a.i. ha<sup>-1</sup>) to confirm tolerance ratings from the Petri dish germination assay. Grain harvested from the observation trial in July 2000 was used for end-use quality evaluations in August 2000, including NIR protein content, NIR grain hardness, and mixograph water absorption, mixing time, and mixing tolerance. Data and observations from the field evaluations (grain yield, test weight, plant height, maturity, overall agronomic adaptation, uniformity of imazamox tolerance) and quality evaluations were used as selection criteria for advancement of CO991132 for further testing.
- 2001 CO991132 was grown along with a group of other single seed descent-derived, F3:6 lines selected from the same cross in a two-replication trial at five locations in Colorado (Akron, Burlington, Fort Collins, Julesburg, Walsh). Grain harvested from the trials in July 2001 was used for end-use quality evaluations in August 2001, including NIR protein content, NIR grain hardness, and mixograph water absorption, mixing time, and mixing tolerance. Data and observations from the field evaluations (grain yield, test weight, plant height, maturity, overall agronomic adaptation) and quality evaluations were used as selection criteria for advancement of CO991132 for further testing. Concurrent with the yield trials, a bulk seed increase of CO991132 was grown at Fort Collins, Colorado, and treated with imazamox herbicide (44.8 g a.i. ha<sup>-1</sup>). Seed purification of CO991132 was initiated by random selection of 400 heads from the increase plot. The F6-derived head selections were planted as F6:7 headrows in November 2001 in Yuma, AZ.
- 2002 CO991132 was tested in the replicated Uniform Variety Performance Trial (UVPT) at 10 Colorado locations (Akron, Bennett, Burlington, Cheyenne Wells, Genoa, Julesburg, Lamar, Orchard, Sheridan Lake, Walsh). Grain harvested from the trials in July 2002 was used for end-use quality evaluations in August 2002, including NIR protein content, NIR grain hardness, and mixograph water absorption, mixing time, and mixing tolerance. Data and observations collected from the field evaluations (yield, test weight, plant height, maturity, overall agronomic adaptation) and quality evaluations were used as selection criteria for advancement of CO991132 for further testing in state variety trials. The F6:7 headrows planted in Yuma, AZ, were treated with imazamox herbicide (44.8 g a.i. ha<sup>-1</sup>) in spring 2002. Based on visual uniformity for plant height and red chaff color, approximately 300 F6:7 headrows were composited to form the seed source for the breeder seed increase the following year.
- 2003 CO991132 was tested in the replicated Uniform Variety Performance Trial at the same locations listed above. Grain harvested from the trials in July 2003 was used for small-scale end-use quality evaluations as described above and experimental baking quality evaluations during winter 2003-2004. Data and observations collected from the field evaluations (yield, test weight, plant height, maturity, overall agronomic adaptation) and quality evaluations were used as selection criteria for advancement of CO991132 for further testing in state variety trials. Breeder seed of CO991132 was produced in Yuma, AZ, and treated with imazamox herbicide as described above.

2004 – CO991132 was tested in the replicated Uniform Variety Performance Trial at the same locations described above and the Irrigated Variety Performance Trial at three locations in Colorado (Fort Collins, Haxtun, Rocky Ford). CO991132 was also entered in the 2004 USDA-ARS Southern Regional Performance Nursery. A 10-acre Foundation Seed increase was grown under irrigation in Colorado. Based on yield performance, test weight, and end-use quality, CO991132 was assigned the name Protection and released for sale to seed producers in September 2004.

Protection CL is uniform. Visually, Protection may be slightly irregular in height with a canopy height variance of 1½ to 2 head difference within the main canopy. Variants are limited to: (1) plants slightly taller (4-6" taller) than the main canopy that occur at a frequency of less than 1 in 1,000 plants; (2) plants with white glumes that occur at a frequency of less than 1 in 1,000 plants; and (3) plants that are sensitive to imazamox herbicide (e.g., not tolerant to imazamox at the labeled rate of 4-6 fluid ounces per acre) that occur at a frequency of fewer than 40 in 1,000 plants. All other variants in Protection are tolerant to imazamox herbicide. The variants in Protection as well as the typical plants in Protection are commercially acceptable.

Protection is stable. When sexually reproduced, Protection remains unchanged in its essential and distinctive characteristics. Protection was observed to be uniform and stable during the last four generations of seed increase (preliminary seed increase in 2001, head row increase in 2002, Breeder seed increase in 2003, and Foundation seed increase in 2004).

## PVP Application Protection Hard Red Winter Wheat Exhibit B – Statement of Distinctness

Protection is phenotypically most similar to the hard red winter wheat cultivar Jagger. Protection and Jagger differ in the following characteristics:

- 1) Protection carries the *Als1* gene that confers tolerance to the herbicide imazamox (Tradename 'Beyond', BASF Corporation). Jagger lacks the *Als1* gene and is sensitive to the herbicide imazamox.
- 2) Protection is significantly taller than Jagger under typical field conditions.

The following data are plant height data (in cm) for Protection and Jagger from trials where both cultivars were grown together. Each value represents the average of three replications.

Year	Location	Trial	Jagger	Protection	Difference
2002	Akron	UVPT	69.4	67.7	-1.7
2002	Fort Collins	UVPT	69.9	72.4	2.5
2002	Julesburg	UVPT	55.9	57.6	1.7
2002	Kansas	OUT VT	66.9	66.0	-0.8
2002	Lamar	UVPT	35.6	40.6	5.1
2003	Akron	UVPT	92.3	99.1	6.8
2003	Burlington	UVPT	67.7	72.0	4.2
2003	Cheyenne Wells	UVPT	61.0	68.6	7.6
2003	Fort Collins	UVPTFC	91.4	92.7	1.3
2003	Julesburg	UVPT	92.3	95.7	3.4
2003	Kansas	OUT VT	81.3	82.6	1.3
2003	Orchard	UVPT	58.4	61.0	2.5
2003	Walsh	UVPT	65.2	71.1	5.9
2004	Akron	UVPT	58.4	64.3	5.9
2004	Bennett	UVPT	58.4	68.6	10.2
2004	Fort Collins	UVPT	63.5	69.4	5.9
2004	Julesburg	UVPT	70.3	74.5	4.2
2004	Sheridan Lake	UVPT	53.3	58.4	5.1
2004	Yuma	UVPT	55.9	71.1	15.2
	Average		66.7	71.2	4.5

<sup>\*\*</sup> Significantly different based on a meaningfully paired Student's T Test procedure (T-statistics: t ratio = 5.08; df = 18; P<0.001; upper/lower 95% confidence interval = 2.66 – 6.41 cm).

3) Protection is significantly lower in grain protein content than Jagger.

The following data are grain protein content data (in percent) for Protection and Jagger from trials where both cultivars were grown together.

Year	Location	Protection	Jagger	Difference
2003	Walsh	12.4	12.6	0.2
2003	Burlington	16.3	17.6	1.3
2003	Julesburg	8.4	9.5	1.1
2003	Akron	14.1	13.5	-0.6
2004	Akron	16.3	17.9	1.6
2004	Julesburg	14.1	15.8	1.7
2004	Bennett	9.2	10.1	0.9
	Average	13.0	13.9	0.9

<sup>\*\*</sup> Significantly different based on a meaningfully paired Student's T Test procedure (T-statistics: t ratio = 2.85; df = 6; P<0.05; upper/lower 95% confidence interval = 0.12 – 1.65 percent).

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on all reproductions.

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Exhibit C

	AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE BELTSVILLE, MD 20705	
OB.	JECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARI Wheat ( <i>Triticum</i> spp.)	ETY
NAME OF APPLICANT (S) A6SECO	TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNATION  CO99 1132	VARIETY NAME Protection
ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, Zip Code and Country)  Delarge—Seal P.O. BOX 7  Girard, KS 66743		PVPO NUMBER 200500338
PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY:  Place the appropriate number that describes the varieta when number is either 99 or less or 9 or less respectivel should be determined from varieties entered in the same designate system used:  your application.	<ul> <li>Data for quantitative plant characters should be be trial. Royal Horticultural Society or any recognized</li> </ul>	ased on a minimum of 100 plants. Comparative dat
1. KIND:  1 = Common 2 = Durum 3 = Club 4 = Other (Specify)	2. VERNALIZATION:  1 = Spring 2 = Winter 3 = Other (S	Specify)
3. COLEOPTILE ANTHOCYANIN:  1 = Absent 2 = Present	4. JUVENILE PLANT G	
5. PLANT COLOR: (boot stage)  1 = Yellow-Green 2 = Green 3 = Blue-Green	6. FLAG LEAF: (boot st  1 = Erect  1 = Not Twi  2	2 = Recurved sted 2 = Twisted
Number of Days Earlier Than *  Same As *  Number of Days Later Than *	m January ( ANKOF Above Jagger tive to a PVPO-Approved Commercial Variety Grow	n in the Same Trial

8. ANTHER COLOR:

1 = Yellow 2 = Purple

i i		EX
B. PLANT	, г HEIGHT: (from soil to top of head, excluding awns)	
07	cm (Average)	2 <b>00</b> 500338
09	cm Taller ThanAgger Anke	*
	Same As	*
04	cm Shorter Than Prowers 99	*
0. STEM	1:	
A. Al	NTHOCYANIN	D. INTERNODE
	1 = Absent 2 = Present	1 = Hollow 2 = Semi-solid 3 = Solid
la y gitu kecikil	ર્તું કર્યું કર્યા કર્યું કે લામ કર્યું લેવાના પ્રાથમિક સહાર છે. ઉત્તર કરવાના કરાઈ કરાઈ કરાઈ છે. કર્યા કરાઈ કર ત્રાંત્રિક કર્યા કર્યું કે ત્રાંત્રિક કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા છે. કર્યા કર્યા કર	Number of Nodes
B. W	AXY BLOOM	E. PEDUNCLE
2	1 = Absent 2 = Present	1 = Erect 2 = Recurved 3 = Semi-erect
		Z_C cm Length
C. H	AIRINESS (last internode of rachis)	F. AURICLE
1	1 = Absent 2 = Present	Anthocyanin: 1 = Absent 2 = Present
		Hair: 1 = Absent 2 = Present
1. HEAD	: (At Maturity)	
A. DE	ENSITY	C. CURVATURE
2	1 = Lax	1 = Erect
	2 = Middense (Laxidense) 3 = Dense	2 = Inclined 3 = Recurved
B. SH	HAPE	D. AWNEDNESS
1	1 = Tapering	4 1 = Awnless
	2 = Strap 3 = Clavate	2 = Apically Awnletted 3 = Awnletted
and and the sec	4 = Other (Specify)	4 = Awned
2. GLUM	ES: (At Maturity)	/
A. CC	DLOR	E. BEAK WIDTH
3	1 = White 2 = Tan 3 = Other (Specify) <b>Drown</b>	1 = Narrow 2 = Medium 3 = Wide
B. SH	HOULDER	F. GLUME LENGTH
5	1 = Wanting 2 = Oblique 3 = Rounded 4 = Square 5 = Elevated 6 = Apiculate 7 = Other (Specify)	1 = Short (ca. 7mm) 2 = Medium (ca. 8mm) 3 = Long (ca. 9mm)

G. WIDTH

1 = Narrow (ca. 3mm) 2 = Medium (ca. 3.5mm) 3 = Long (ca. 4mm)

C. SHOULDER WIDTH

D. BEAK

1 = Narrow 2 = Medium 3 = Wide

1 = Obtuse 2 = Acute 3 = Acuminate

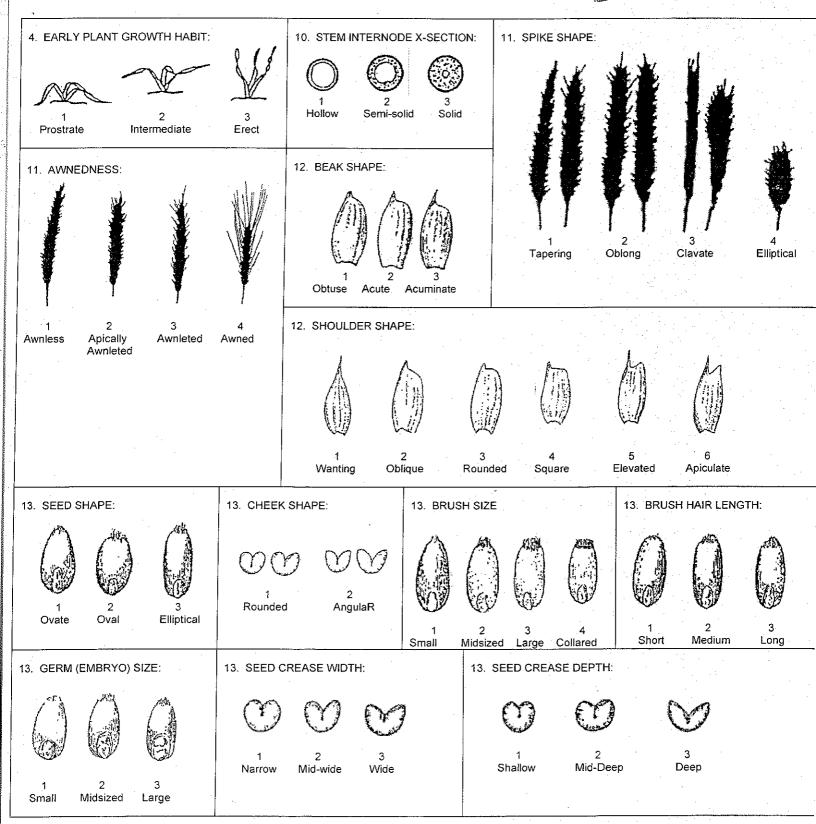
13. SEED:	200500338
A. SHAPE	E. COLOR
1 = Ovate 2 = Oval 3 = Elliptical	1 = White 2 = Amber 3 = Red 4 = Other (Specify)
B. CHEEK	F. TEXTURE
1 = Rounded 2 = Angular	1 = Hard 2 = Soft 3 = Other (Specify)
C. BRUSH	G. PHENOL REACTION (See Instructions)
2 = Short 1 = Not Collared 2 = Collared 3 = Long	1 = Ivory
D. CREASE	H. SEED WEIGHT
1 = Width 60% or less of Kernel 2 = Width 80% or less of Kernel	g/1000 Seed (Whole number only)
3 = Width Nearly as Wide as Kernel	I. GERM SIZE
1 = Depth 20% or less of Kernel 2 = Depth 35% or less of Kernel 3 = Depth 50% or less of Kernel	2 = Small 2 = Midsize 3 = Large
14. DISEASE PLEASE INDICATE THE SPECIFIC RACE OR STE	RAIN TESTED
(0 = Not Tested 1 = Susceptible	2 = Resistant 3 = Intermediate 4 = Tolerant)
3 Stom Bust (Puccinia graminis f sp. tritica) QFCS QTH	Leaf Rust (Puccinia recondita f. sp. tritici) MLRT MFBP TKB
RCRS TPMK	TPGT KBQT
Stripe Rust (Puccinia striiformis)	Flag Smut (Urocystis agropyri)
Halo Spot (Selenophoma donacis)	Common Bunt (Tilletia tritici or T. laevis)
Septoria nodorum (Glume Blotch)	Dwarf Bunt (Tilletia controversa)
Septoria avenae (Speckled Leaf Disease)	Karnal Bunt ( <i>Tilletia indica</i> )
Septoria tritici (Speckled Leaf Blotch)	Powdery Mildew ( <i>Erysiphe graminis</i> f. sp. <i>tritici</i> )
Scab (Fusarium spp.)	Snow Molds"
O "Black Point" (Kernel Smudge)	Common Root Rot (Fusarium, Cochliobolus and Bipolaris spp.)
Barley Yellow Dwarf Virus (BYDV)	Rhizoctonia Root Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)
Soilborne Mosaic Virus (SBMV)	Black Chaff (Xanthomonas campestris pv. translucens).
Wheat Yellow (Spindle Streak) Mosaic Virus	Bacterial Leaf Blight (Pseudomonas syringae pv. syringae)
Wheat Streak Mosaic Virus (WSMV)	Other (Specify)
	Other (Specify)
Other (Specify) Other (Specify)	Other (Specify)
	Other (Specify)
Other (Specify)	
15. INSECT: (0 = Not Tested 1 = Susceptible 2 = Resista	nt 3 = Intermediate 4 = Tolerant)
	CIFY BIOTYPE (where needed)
Hessian Fly (Mayetiola destructor) Great Plains  By Stem Sawfly (Cephus spp.)	Other (Specify)
O Stem Sawfly (Cephus spp.)	Other (Specify)
Cereal Leaf Beetle (Oulema melanopa)	Other (Specify)

15.	INSECT: (continued)	0 = Not Tested	1 = Susceptible	2 = Resistant	3 = Intermediate	4 = Tolerant				
			PLEASE S	PECIFY BIOTYPE	(Where Needed)	200	ā n	n 3	7	Q.
	Russian Aphid (Di	uraphis noxia) ${\cal B}$	iotype (	Other	Specify)			\$ 8.5°	<b>9</b>	
	O Greenbug (Schiza		•	Other	Specify)					
	Aphids			Other	Specify)			7		

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON ANY ITEM ABOVE, OR GENERAL COMMENTS:

for Russian wheat aphid biotype ( is the new designation for the original north American biotype.

200500338



# PVP Application Protection Hard Red Winter Wheat Exhibit D – Additional Description of the Variety (optional)

The following additional descriptive information is presented:

- 1) Table 1. Agronomic data summary from the 2002-2004 Dryland Colorado Variety Performance Trials (UVPT).
- 2) Table 2. Grain yield and test weight for Protection and other entries tested in Dryland Colorado Variety Performance Trials (UVPT; 2002 to 2004).
- 3) Table 3. Grain yield and test weight for Protection and other entries tested in Colorado Irrigated Variety Performance Trial (IVPT, 2004).
- 4) Table 4. Grain yield for Protection and other entries tested in High Plains dryland locations of the 2004 Southern Regional Performance Nursery (SRPN).
- 5) Table 5. Comparison of milling and bread baking characteristics of Protection and the check cultivars Above and Prowers 99 in composite milling and baking tests (2001, 2002).
- 6) Table 6. Protein content of Protection and other entries tested in Dryland Colorado Variety Performance Trials (UVPT; 2003 and 2004).

Table 1. Agronomic data summary from the 2002-2004 Dryland Colorado Variety Performance Trials (UVPT).

	Heading Date	Plant Height	Straw Strength	Coleoptile Length	Shattering Score
	days <sup>†</sup>	in	score <sup>‡</sup>	mm	score§
Protection	142.1	29.0	2.8	88.0	4.7
Above Jagger Jagalene Ankor	141.6 141.4 145.1 145.0	26.0 27.0 26.3 27.2	2.3 2.7 1.8 3.8	86.5 80.1 78.0 77.9	3.5 4.7 5.5 2.5
Observations	6	15	2	6	4

<sup>†</sup> Days from January 1.

‡ 1=fully erect to 9=completely flat scale.

§ 1=minimal shatter to 9=severely shattered scale.

Table 2. Grain yield and test weight for Protection and other entries tested in Dryland Colorado Variety Performance Trials (UVPT; 2002 to 2004).

				Multip	le Year Avera	ges
		Grain Yield		Grain	Yield	Test Wt
Entry	2002	2003	2004	2003-04	2002-04	2002-04
			bu/a			lb/bu
Above	34.5	52.8	51.4	52.2	48.4	58.2
TAM 111	35.0	52.6	50.2	51.6	48.0	59.1
Bond CL	31.3	55.2	48.4	52.1	47.7	57.3
Trego	34.3	52.9	47.7	50.5	47.0	60.2
Jagalene	35.7	46.6	54.1	50.0	46.9	59.4
Ankor	33.7	51.8	48.3	50.2	46.7	58.2
Avalanche	31.6	50.4	50.6	50.5	46.5	59.7
Yuma	30.0	53.0	48.4	50.9	46.4	58.2
Stanton	32,6	49.4	50.4	49.8	46.2	59.1
PROTECTION	33.7	51.0	47.6	49.5	46.1	57.4
Prairie Red	34.6	50.2	48.0	49.2	46.1	58.2
Yumar	30.8	50.3	48.7	49.6	45.6	58.6
AP502 CL	32.7	48.9	48.6	48.8	45.3	57.7
Lakin	33.9	47.8	49.0	48.4	45.3	58.8
Alliance	32.5	50.5	46.4	48.6	45.2	58.2
Akron	33.2	49.6	46.7	48.3	45.1	58.2
Jagger	31.7	46.0	47.3	46.6	43.4	58.2
Halt	34.7	46.7	41.9	44.5	42.4	58.0
Prowers 99	31.8	45.4	42.2	43.9	41.3	59.4
Thunderbolt	30.8	39.6	43.0	41.1	38.9	59.7
Average	32.9	49.6	47.8	48.8	45.4	58.6
Locations	3.0	6.0	5.0			

Table 3. Grain yield and test weight for Protection and other entries tested in Colorado Irrigated Variety Performance Trial (IVPT, 2004).

	<u>_</u>	Haxtun	Rocky Ford		Average
Entry	Yield	Lodging <sup>†</sup>	Yield	Yield	Test Weight
Yuma	133.5	1.7	95.8	114.6	56.7
Ankor	120.6	5.0	97.3	108.9	56.6
Prairie Red	109.1	2.0	106.0	107.6	56.1
Protection	122.2	3.3	92.9	107.5	56.0
Ok102	112.3	1.3	99.9	106.1	58.5
NuHills	103.8	1.7	102.1	102.9	56.9
Overley	119.7	4.3	85.6	102.7	57.5
NuFrontier	111.7	2.3	92.2	101.9	56.8
Dumas	113.8	1.0	88.2	101.0	58.1
Jagalene	119.9	1.7	81.5	100.7	58.0
Antelope	121.5	2.0	79.6	100.6	55.9
Nuplains	110.6	1.3	89.1	99.9	57.8
NuHorizon	121.6	1.0	77.4	99.5	58.3
Wesley	113.8	1.0	83.3	98.6	56.5
Platte	107.8	1.0	77.2	92.5	57.1
Average	115.8	2.9	89.7	102.8	57.0

<sup>† 1=</sup>fully erect to 9=completely flat scale.

Table 4. Grain yield for Protection and other entries tested in High Plains dryland locations of the 2004 Southern Regional Performance Nursery (SRPN).

	TRY/ID	Colby	Hays	G City	Julesburg	Akron	Average
8	G980143	51.8	60.4	41.6	43.1	57.6	50.9
27	CO980607	51.5	59. <b>4</b>	38.1	43.2	60.8	50.6
35	TX00D1390	48.0	64.9	43.3	42.9	49.9	49.8
45	KS01HW152-6	47.9	71.2	47.1	40.9	39.8	49.4
32	TX00V1117	43.5	68.0	38.0	38.0	58.5	49.2
26	CO970547-7	49.3	62.0	49.7	39.0	45.5	49.1
7	G991324	46.5	62.6	39.1	<b>4</b> 1.8	55.0	49.0
5	G990191	54.4	64.2	36.6	39.8	47.7	48.6
29	CO00016	47.3	64.3	44.9	<b>4</b> 2.6	43.6	48.5
44	W03-20	48.9	63.0	40.4	41.2	47.8	48.2
28	CO00D007	42.9	62.2	37.2	43.0	54.1	47.9
30	CO00698	42.7	64.3	35.3	44.8	50.2	47.5
41	W99-194	44.9	63.9	38.0	38.6	51.1	47.3
47	KS02HW34	46.6	60.9	41.6	38.0	49.1	47.2
37	NE00403	41.5	61.6	36.2	44.5	51.3	, 47.0
24	KS00F5-20-3	47.5	61.8	38.2	42.4	41.5	46.3
31	TX96D1073	<del>4</del> 6.1	62.9	33.6	38.7	47.6	45.8
3	TAM 107	49.2	55.2	39.1	40.0	45.2	45.7
39	NE01481	42.1	59.3	41.0	35.4	50.4	45.7
19	OK00514	47.4	62.9	34.4	36.6	45.7	45.4
22	KS950811-5-1	43.9	64.7	32.9	40.9	44.1	45.3
14	T136	50.8	52.0	40.8	39.1	43.6	45.3
4	Trego	50.4	60.2	40.9	34.7	39.2	45.1
15	T140	46.6	53.9	39.6	40.9	44.2	45.0
40	NE00564	42.4	51.9	42.1	38.7	47.8	44.6
34	TX01D3232	44.2	63.5	33.4	38.1	42.8	44.4
23	KS00F5-14-7	44.5	61.0	34.2	36.6	45.6	44.4
11	AP01T3131	46.2	53.1	36.8	39.2	46.1	44.3
36	TX01A5936	44.5	64.9	32.5	41.9	36.7	44.1
46	KS01HW163-4	49.3	56.0	32.9	37.3	43.0	43.7
12	NW99L7068	48.1	58.3	35.3	38.9	37.5	43.6
48	SD97W604	40.6	56.5	36.4	36.8	45.9	43.3
50	NW98S097	44.3	50.8	34.5	29.4	55.2	42.8
42	W96x1311-01	45.5	60.6	28.9	36.7	42.4	42.8
43	W98-159-7	39.1	57 <i>.</i> 5	34.8	38.3	43.8	42.7
20	OK99212	47.3	49.9	39.2	36.0	40.4	42.6
18	OK00618W	41.2	54.8	35.8	35.9	44.3	42.4
38	NE00435	42.3	54.8	35.5	39.5	39.0	42.2
13	T135	46.0	53.9	35.6	34.0	41.4	42.2
10	AP01T1114	44.2	50.7	33.4	33.4	45.7	41.5
2	Scout 66	38.6	51.7	33.6	40.0	42.7	41.3
25	KS00F5-57-8	43.4	53.4	29.6	35.1	45.1	41.3
49	Protection	42.7	52.2	31.3	35.9	42.8	41.0
9	AP01T1112	45.0	46.0	29.7	35.8	48.2	40.9
21	OK00614	41.5	51.7	35.3	36.1	38.6	40.6
6	G982238-2	42.1	59.8	34.4	30.1	36.7	40.6
33	TX00V1131	42.1	52.7	30.1	26.0	48.6	39.9
17	OK00611W	38.8	52.0	28.6	36.9	30.0	37.3
16	T141	37.5	44.7	31.7	28.8	37 <i>.</i> 8	36.1
1	Kharkof	29.8	40.8	30.0	30.2	40.7	34.3
	Mean	44.9	57.8	36.5	37.9	45.4	
	LSD 0.05	7.0	6.9	6.7	6.4	7.2	
	CV	9.6	7.3	11.2	10.3	9.7	

Table 5. Comparison of milling and bread baking characteristics of Protection and the check cultivars Above and Prowers 99 in composite milling and baking tests (2001, 2002)

Cultivar	Protection	Above	Prowers 99
Test weight (bu/a)	56.0	57.1	58.5
Kernel weight (mg kernel <sup>-1</sup> )	29.1	27.9	28.1
Flour yield (g kg <sup>-1</sup> )	703	669	691
Flour protein content (g kg <sup>-1</sup> )	134	123	136
Flour ash content (g kg <sup>-1</sup> )	4.9	4.3	4.9
Water absorption (g kg <sup>-1</sup> )	619	605	644
Mixograph mix time (minutes)	2.6	2.7	3.9
Mixograph tolerance (score) <sup>z</sup>	2.5	1.0	4.0
Loaf volume (L)	.90	.93	0.95
Crumb grain (score) <sup>z</sup>	2.3	2.8	5.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mixograph tolerance and crumb grain score scale: 0, unacceptable to 6, excellent.

Table 6. Protein content of Protection and other entries tested in Dryland Colorado Variety Performance Trials (UVPT; 2003 and 2004).

		20	2003		·	2004		4	Average (rank)	- P
<u></u>	Walsh	Burlington Julesb	Julesburg	Akron	Akron	Julesburg	Bennett	2003	2004	Overall
Thunderbolt	14.4	17.8	10.7	13.6	17.4	16.0	11.2	14.1 (1)	14.8 (1)	14.4
Lakin	14.4	16.2	8.5	14.5	15.9	16.7	11.1	13.4 (2)	14.6 (4)	13.9
Jagger	12.6	17.6	9.5	13.5	17.9	15.8	10.1	13.3 (3)	14.6 (3)	13.8
Halt	12.2	17.3	9.2	13.9	16.7	15.1	10.5	13.1 (5)	14.1 (7)	13.6
Prowers 99	12.6	16.8	7.9	13.1	17.0	15.4	11.7	12.6 (15)	14.7 (2)	13.5
Jagalene	12.2	17.6	0.6	12.7	16.7	14.0	11.1	12.9 (8)	13.9 (10)	13.3
Stanton	13.5	17.7	8.6	11.9	15.3	13.7	12.2	12.9 (7)	13.8 (12)	13.3
Prairie Red	11.8	16.2	9.6	12.8	16.0	14.2	12.1	12.6 (17)	14.1 (8)	13.2
Akron	11.9	16.2	8.0	13.0	16.8	15.7	10.6	12.3 (23)	14.4 (5)	13.2
TAM 111	13.0	17.5	9.2	12.4	15.4	14.4	10.3	13.0 (6)	13.4 (21)	13.2
Avalanche	12.7	16.3	9.5	11.4	16.4	15.1	10.1	12.5 (19)	13.9 (11)	13.1
Ankor	10.8	16.4	8.4	13.2	16.4	15.3	10.7	12.2 (26)	14.1 (6)	13.0
Trego	11.4	16.8	8.5	12.5	16.5	15.6	10.0	12.3 (24)	14.0 (9)	13.0
Above	12.0	16.1	9.1	13.3	15.9	14.5	10.2	12.6 (14)	13.5 (16)	13.0
AP502 CL	12.4	16.6	9.3	12.4	16.1	14.4	9.3	12.7 (12)	13.3 (24)	12.9
Yumar	12.7	14.7	6.8 6.0	12.4	15.4	14.8	10.9	12.2 (28)	13.7 (14)	12.8
Yuma	11.9	15.2	8.8	11.5	15.3	14.7	10.1	11.9 (31)	13.4 (22)	12.5
Protection	12.4	16.3	8,4	14.1	16.3	14.1	9.5	12.8 (9)	13.2 (28)	13.0
Alliance	11.0	15.5	7.8	11.8	15.4	13.8	9.5		12.9 (31)	12.1
Average	12.3	16.4	8.8	12.8	16.2	14.9	10.5	12.5	13.6	13.1

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